

1. Anticoagulant	
2. Without breath	
3. Atherosclerosis	
4. Free of germs	
5. Bacteriostatic	
6. Slow heart rate below 60 BPM	
7. Carcinoma	
8. Study of the heart	
9. Cardiovascular	
10. To spin	
11. Cephalgia	
12. Formation of fibrin ,fibrinogen, collagen and platelet plug	
13. Coagulate	
14. Transmitted viruses or disease	
15. Crenated	
16. Loss of blood flow to the extremities where the hands and feet turn blue: can happen in infants when cold or in diabetics	
17. Adenoma	
18. With oxygen	
19. Anerobic	
20. To attach	
21. Anemia	

22. Study of the intestinal system	
23. Gastrointestinal	
24. Pertaining to the elderly	
25. Germicide	
26. Inflammation of the nephron	
27. Gram Stain	
28. Study of the female reproductive system	
29. Hematology	
30. Fluid filled sac containing ruptured RBC's	
31. Hematoma	
32. Hereditary disease of the blood in which the clotting mechanisms are absent	
33. Hemorrhage	
34. Pertaining to the liver	
35. Hepatomegaly	
36. Endocrine secretion	
37. Hyperkalemia	
38. Increased sodium	
39. Hypochromic	
40. Low potassium	
41. Hyponatremia	
42. Removal of the female reproductive organs	

43. Ileitis	
44. Growth time using heat	
45. Infarct	
46. Inflammation, redness, increased WBC's	
47. Oncology	
48. Study of the eyes	
49. Otitis	
50. To apply controlled pressure to internal organs	
51. Alkaline phosphatase	
52. NH ₄	
53. Bilirubin	
54. Three times a day	
55. T.P.R	
56. Transureter resection	
57. VDRL	
58. White blood cells	
59. mEq/L	
60. Milligrams	
61. mL	
62. Medical lab technician	
63. O & P	

64. After a meal	
65. PKU	
66. Quantity not sufficient	
67. RBC	
68. Sedimentation rate	
69. Rapid plasma reagin	
70. Specific gravity	
71. Stat	
72. Hematocrit	
73. HDL	
74. Hemoglobin	
75. Hs	
76. Intramuscular	
77. I & O	
78. Intravenous	
79. Kg	
80. Liter	
81. GTT	
82. Hepatitis A virus	
83. HBsAg	
84. Fasting blood sugar	

85. CRP	
86. Cardio vascular accident	
87. AFP	
88. Drops	
89. Pharyngitis	
90. Study of the blood serum	
91. Thrombophlebitis	
92. Study of the urinary tract	
93. Neoplasm	
94. Infection/inflammation of the nephron	
95. Myocarditis	
96. Yeast or candidis	
97. Lysis	
98. Excessive fat in the blood	
99. Leukocytosis	
100. Increase in ketones in the liver/blood or kidneys	
101. Isolation	
102. Loss of blood flow	
103. Bleeding time	
104. Test to determine organism growing in blood	
105. Blood urea nitrogen	

106.	Ca	
107.	Electrolytes	
108.	C6 H12 O6	
109.	Glucose tolerance test	
110.	Hct	
111.	Hemoglobin	
112.	LD	
113.	Partial thromboplastin time	
114.	Liver enzyme	